

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1903—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2449.

CABLE IS HERE AT LAST

Messages Sent To President Roosevelt and Officials of the Company.

For Hours the Line Works Without the Slightest Hitch and is Held Open at Midnight for the Response to the Congratulatory Address Sent From the People of Territory.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 1st—Compliments of the season. Weather finer than California has ever known at this time.

With this message in his hand, Manager Dickenson stepped out into the rounds of the offices of the cable company at 8:41 o'clock last evening and announced that the cable between Honolulu and the Pacific Coast of the continent was open and working successfully. In the office were gathered a number of the representative citizens of the city, and Secretary Cooper, and the announcement was greeted with cheers.

To be exact, this was eight minutes after the recorder had shown that the great task of bringing Hawaii within a second of San Francisco had been finished, as the sensitive instrument which indicates the passage of the electric impulse began to vibrate about 8:30, and the preliminary service calls occupied the first few minutes of the action of the wire, and engrossed the attention of the busy officials who gathered about its end. It was the culmination of a generation's hopes and aspirations, and the people who saw the working of the instrument could not restrain a cheer.

The closing of the gap which intervened between Hawaii and San Francisco occupied the attention of everyone connected with the cable company yesterday. The cable ship Silvertown left the outside, where its anchors had held since returning from the unsuccessful trial of Monday, at 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning and at once ran to the buoy which marked the end of the line in the channel, some six miles off Diamond Head. This was the end of the intermediate cable, which had been joined to the rock line, the laying of which had been the cause of the demonstration of Sunday. The ship was seen from shore to proceed to the buoy and pick it up handily, and at 8:30 o'clock the work of putting in the splice was begun. For four hours the cable ship laid in the gentle

swells of the channel, and then with a hoisting of the signals which indicated that the cable was started for the east, paying out the great line.

The progress of the ship was watched from Diamond Head Light by many visitors, and the officials of the cable company were just as anxiously waiting beside the tape which was being unfreeled through the recorder in the main office. They had been informed that they should open the wire for communication at 12:30 o'clock, and when that hour was reached the recorder slip was sent through the wheels which drew it under the pen which receives the messages from the outside world.

Four minutes of waiting and the first waving line of slender tape told of the setting to work of the speaking instruments of the ship. The message was strictly a service communication, but it told of the picking up of the cable, the splicing and the progress of the ship to the East. It was announced that half the distance to the buoy was completed, that every thing was going well, and that the ship would be able to complete its work.

At this time the lookout reported that the ship was proceeding at the rate of about seven miles, toward the East, and no change of course had been made to permit the reaching of the sea end buoy without a direct alteration of the plan of sailing. There was nothing doing for three hours, for the cable ship had announced that that length of time would be taken up with tests, and then the recorders again told in the waving line of the alphabet that the end of the journey had been reached and without any trouble at all the buoy had been picked up and the San Francisco end of the cable was on board the ship, and that everything was correct. After some few minor messages the local office was notified to look out for San Francisco within four hours.

Then ensued the long wait which told on the nerves of those who had spent days in watching for the speaking of the Coast to the midocean. Slowly the hours passed. It was an anxious

through which was gathered within and without the office, and the people were full of interest in the going on of the many officials who were on duty.

Steadily through the guides of the recorder the slender tape was drawn. There was never a faltering and the line which was drawn through the center of the strip was perfectly straight, until at about half past eight o'clock the line suddenly began to vary and the vibrations of the needle sent the tracing into hills and valleys along the clear horizon of the paper. "San Francisco" was spelled out, and as the half dozen operators and officials grouped about saw the tracing of the words their enthusiasm grew until it took the form of a cheer, and the people without

took up the shout and then Manager Dickenson stepped from the room and imparted the news which showed that the thought of the continent was within the minutes' touch of Hawaii.

From that time until after midnight there was nothing but excitement about the office of the company. As soon as the first service instructions had been put through, the wire was opened for the congratulatory words of the Secretary of the Territory to the President of the United States given elsewhere.

Secretary Cooper, Manager Dickenson and a group of intimate friends were close about Superintendent Gaines as he sent the message over the wire. It

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PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

RAPID TRANSIT TO ACQUIRE THE TRAMWAYS

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The directors of the Rapid Transit Company and Col. Davidson, representing the Hawaiian Tramways Company, arrived at a tentative understanding yesterday, by which the Rapid Transit Company will acquire all of the franchises and property of the Tramways company.

As Col. Davidson is president of the Tramways Company and is the personal financial representative of the owner of the controlling interest, there is no question but that the understanding arrived at will be ratified in London.

It was the desire of the English company to buy out the Rapid Transit Company, and part of Col. Davidson's mission here was to attempt to achieve this object. The owners of the Rapid Transit Line absolutely refused to consider such a proposition, however, and the counter proposition to buy out the Tramways Company was thereupon taken up and practically agreed upon.

It is the expectation that Col. Davidson and L. Tenney Peck, the latter representing the Rapid Transit company, will proceed to San Francisco on the steamship Korea leaving here Friday or Saturday, and that the deal will be speedily concluded in San Francisco.

Until the controlling stockholders in England can be communicated with and it is ascertained that it is a certainty that the arrangement negotiated on their behalf by Col. Davidson will be ratified, the details of the sale are withheld from publication.

So certain does Col. Davidson feel that the transaction negotiated by him will be ratified, that all hostile local action on the part of the Tramways company against the Rapid Transit Company will cease and the two interests will, from this time forward, co-operate in harmony.

Cable Day Will Be Celebrated With a Mass Meeting and Ball.

Holiday May Be Declared in All Lines of Business and the Merry-Making Continued During the Remainder of the Week. Engineers and Others to Leave for Coast.

Cable Day will be celebrated by a great meeting in the grounds of the Executive Building this afternoon at 2 o'clock, with a Ball in the evening.

Now that the connection of the cable has been made the celebration of the opening of communication will be the feature of today. It is expected that the merchants and business men in general will close their places of business at noon, and that the merrymaking will consume the remainder of the week.

The committee which will have in charge the celebration of the event last evening decided that the affair would be made the feature of the afternoon. The open air meeting will be held in the grounds of the Executive building, commencing at 2 o'clock, and in the time before the meeting and during the intervals between speeches, there will be music by the band. There will be addresses by Secretary Cooper, Commissioner Eustis, General A. S. Hartwell, Henry E. Highton, and a response to the address of welcome by the representative of the company, not only here, but in the South Seas, S. S. Dickenson, whose title of manager does not tell all of his duties and honors, for he is the personal representative of Vice President Ward, with whom he has been associated for nearly a generation, and who will tell of the gratification of his principals upon the completion of this first leg of the great line across the Pacific.

The receipt of the message from the President of the United States will be the signal for a salute of 100 guns, and there will be special musical features. There will be, as well, other musical features, and the afternoon will be given over to merrymaking.

From half past six to eight o'clock

the fireworks display from the grounds of the Capitol will be the feature and after that hour will come the reception by the Secretary of the Territory and Mrs. Cooper, in the Executive building. The guests of honor will be the men from the cables and they will be entertained as well by several of the private citizens who have met them during their short stay.

The holding of the celebration today will mean that there will be present many of those who have had to do with the completion of the cable work. As soon as the local tests show that the task has been well done, and this should be completed today, Mr. Henry Benest, the engineer in charge of the expedition, and the staff of the India Rubber, Gutta Percha and Telegraph company in general, will depart for the Coast on their way to England. They are booked for the Korea, as are Mr. Martin and Mr. Trebell of the underground company. Four men may be left here to look after the work until the end of the month, during which the cable stays in charge of the contracting company.

Up to four o'clock this morning the cable steamer Silvertown had not been reported by the Diamond Head lookout. This is taken by the officials of the cable company to mean that the vessel had not succeeded in taking on board the marking buoy put down Monday. This is a task which is extremely difficult at night and the vessel may have decided to stand by the buoy until morning. The lost buoy is presumably in shore on the beach on the windward side and this also may be recovered by a search of the shore which could be made only by daylight.

The delay of the return of the engineers may mean some delay in the general opening of the cable for general commercial business, but it is not regarded as at all probable that the celebration will be interfered with in the slightest.

COOPER TO MACKAY.

MR. CLARENCE H. MACKAY,

President Commercial Pacific Cable Company, N. Y.

We send this token of our high appreciation of the completion of the great enterprise undertaken by your company of laying a telegraphic cable from the Coast of California to these Islands.

Mingled with our joy there is a feeling of deep regret that John W. Mackay did not live to see the completion of his project, and we assure you that his name will ever be cherished in fond remembrance by our people. HENRY E. COOPER,

Secretary of Hawaii.

COOPER TO ROOSEVELT.

THE PRESIDENT, Washington.

The people of the Territory of Hawaii send their greetings to you, and express their gratification at the inauguration of telegraphic communication with the mainland.

We all believe that the removal of the disadvantage of isolation will prove a strong factor in the upbuilding of a patriotic and progressive American commonwealth in these Islands.

HENRY E. COOPER,

Secretary of Hawaii.

DOLE TO SETTLE ON SITE

Has No Opposition to Proposed Location.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Governor Dole has tentatively signed his assent to the proposal of the Federal building site committee, and in the opinion of the men who have been most concerned in the matter of the securing of the site for the erection of a suitable structure for the housing of local offices, only detailed consideration is needed to settle the entire transfer of lots. The information from Governor Dole came yesterday in a message from that official at Puuwaawaa, where he is now stopping on a visit to Eben Low.

The matter being brought before the Governor in a message from Chairman Thurston of the committee, the letter to Mr. Thurston contains the view of the official upon the matter at hand. Governor Dole says that he has not at hand all the information which he must have to enable him to make the proclamation of exchange, and so would hold over the final settlement of the affair until his return to Honolulu, which is now expected on January 10th. At no point in the communication occurs an expression which may be construed as finding any fault with the selections of the committee, and the tenor of the communication leaves in the minds of the committeemen only the idea that the settlement will be concluded favorably immediately upon the coming of Governor Dole.

The bases for this belief are in part the fact that Governor Dole knew the site for which the committee desired an exchange, before his departure, and while no decision had then been taken by the body, he had been unofficially apprised that there was a strong pressure in favor of the Bishop street corner, and that Esplanade lots would be requested in exchange. On the occasion of one meeting when Governor Dole was asked as to the disposition of the Governor as to the making of exchanges to secure such a property as that desired in this instance, he said without hesitation that the local Government would do all in its power to effect a transfer which would bring about a speedy conclusion of the matters at point.

Commissioner Eustis was seen yesterday and the conclusions of the letter of the Governor conveyed to him. He said that he thought there would be a satisfactory settlement from the tenor of the note. He then said that he would try and take his departure in the Korea of Saturday or Friday, so that he might be in Washington before the middle of the month and thus expect to secure action upon his report before the conclusion of the present session of Congress. Departure from Honolulu in the Korea would mean that the Commissioner might hope to reach Washington by January 13th, if the best connections are made along the straightest lines.

It is understood that Mr. Eustis will bear with him full maps and statements of the lands comprised in the plot which has the commendation of the committee. There will be also a statement from the United States Attorney bearing upon the title under which the Bishop Estate lands are held, and thus all that is needed for his making an ample report is the simple word signifying that the offer of the Bishop Estate, of the lands, has been accepted and that the deed will go forward at once. This should reach Washington not later than January 12th, Monday, as the return of Governor Dole on Saturday will be followed immediately by conferences on the matter of the exchange.

The members of the committee are of opinion that there shall be no delay in the getting together of the various interests in the case, and Mr. Eustis will leave with the report that ought but formal approval of details remains to make the site question a settled thing.

DEMURRER IN THE BANK SUIT

An amended demurrer was filed yesterday in the First American Savings & Trust Co. suit in which it was set out that there had been a misjoinder of parties defendant and that the proceedings were not properly brought. It is further alleged that the petition does not set out the regularity of the meetings of the petitioners, or the irregularity of those of the respondents. It is further claimed that the action of President Brown in ruling out the Huntington estate proxies was legal and proper.

Judge Robinson yesterday accepted a bond of \$1,000 from M. G. Silva to insure the payment of alimony to his wife, and the contempt citation will be dismissed.

W. H. Johnson has been appointed guardian of his minor daughter, Helen Johnson.

Coal for the Poor.

NEW YORK, December 16.—The board of aldermen today voted \$250,000 to buy coal for the poor of the city. The resolution passed last week voting \$100,000 for this purpose was recalled.

CABLE LAYING WAITS ON A CALMER SEA

Silvertown Will Stay at Anchor Until Indications Are That the Winds and Waves Have Alike Subsided and That There Will be a Chance to Complete Laying and Splicing.

THREE great blasts from the siren of the Silvertown will tell that the cable steamer has decided to make another attempt to ride out the seas and find the end of the cable, so that communication may be established between Honolulu and San Francisco, the contract of the corporation making and laying the strand carried out, and everything that may be done here by a ship completed.

All day yesterday the cable men afloat and ashore watched the clouds and the sea, looking for an abatement of the wind and waves which would permit the Silvertown to go out and make another attempt to pick up the cut end of the deep sea line. But while the winds went down and the conditions became more favorable above, there was little abatement of the seas, and the result was that even when the night came there could be no definite announcement made as to the time when the ship would renew its trial to complete its mission into the mid-Pacific.

The expressed opinion last evening when the last communication was had between the ship and the shore was that an attempt would be made early this morning to make the run out to the spot where the cable had been dropped and pick up the end. The difficulty of this operation is apparent when it is realized that the very first thing to be done before the end is landed on the ship is to lower a boat for the purpose of getting the buoy aboard the ship. This is impossible, unless there is a fair sea, and the captain of the Silvertown was not, last evening, too well pleased with the prospect of staying here for several days with the work undone, though that prospect was in sight.

It is estimated that it will take a four hours' run from off the harbor to the location of the cable buoy, and in the event that the sea will permit the tackling of the job of lifting the cable, this operation will consume with the splicing on of the intermediate cable, something like two hours, and the chances are that even more time will be consumed in making ready for the last run of the long trip.

The intention now is to keep up the plan as outlined by the journey if the Silvertown Monday. The first splice will be that made in the deep seas, something like 35 miles off port, or nearly 30 miles away from the buoy indicating the point at which the last end was dropped during the run of Monday. From that point the cable will be stretched in to meet the intermediate and shore ends, and thus the final junction of the lines will be witnessed from the Diamond Head cliffs.

The feeling in San Francisco is perhaps as strong as here, though the fact that the cable people were told that the cable was to be cut and dropped preceded the closing of all communication with that land end. From that the cable people knew that there was nothing at this end to cause great alarm, and their tests will show that the line now extends very close to the Islands.

As to the date of the opening of the line, nothing can be arranged as yet, owing to the fact that there can be no forecast of the state of the sea during the next few days. It is regarded as certain by Mr. Dickenson and others, however, that the tests which are to be made by the engineers of the company, before the cable may be turned over to the operating corporation for service, will occupy from one to two days, and even after the ends of the strand are connected and the speaking instrument shows that San Francisco is in actual communication with Honolulu tests will be made at great length, and upon the results of these will depend much of the data that is to be collected for guidance in relation to future work in the Pacific.

This would indicate that there will be such delay that it will be either Friday or Saturday before the line may be used for even the formal communications, and the Cable Day celebration will not be held until that formality is possible.

As soon as the Silvertown gets under way and goes out to sea, then the constant watch will be kept upon the tape from the recorder, for the purpose of keeping in touch with the ship in case the officers may decide to pick up the end which is in the channel. The failure to catch the first word sent by a ship is regarded as the crime of an operator's life, and the machines will be kept hard at work all the time for the purpose of being ready for any action.

The installation of most of the machinery has been accomplished, and everything is ready for keeping up the work, once the ends of the line have been spliced.

PORTUGUESE WILL CELEBRATE.—Not the least of those who are expecting to profit by the installation of the Pacific Commercial Cable are the Portuguese residents of Honolulu. On the day when the cable is open, congratulatory cablegrams will be sent in the name of the Portuguese colony of Hawaii to Don Carlos I. King of Portugal, the Queen, Crown Prince and the royal family in general.

The initiative was taken by J. F. Durao, M. A. Goncalves, J. M. Vivas, Frank Andrade and J. P. Rodrigues, who constitute a committee to arrange for the sending of the cablegrams.

A subscription list is now being circulated in the name of the committee by Mr. Durao, which says in effect that in view of the opening of cable communication between Hawaii to the mainland of the United States, the Portuguese residents wish to salute by this medium their Majesties and the members of the royal family, wishing them and the kingdom of Portugal long continued prosperity. The project is meeting with general approval.

Senhor A. de Souza Canavarro, the Portuguese Consul, will send the cablegram in the name of all the Portuguese colony of the Territory.

THE MASONS OF KAUAI HAVE ANOTHER SUMPTUOUS LUAU

On the 21st of June the masons of Lihue invited all the masons of Kauai to a banquet, and on Dec. 27th, this fraternal hospitality was returned by the masons of the leeward side of the island.

The gathering took place at the Waima hall which was most beautifully decorated.

At 8 p. m. twenty-five masons sat down to the table, replete with the good things of this and other lands. The table was in the form of a square or at an angle of ninety degrees at the apex of which sat Mr. Bole, the toastmaster of the occasion, who conducted the exercises in a most inspiring and happy manner. He welcomed the brethren, spoke of the universality of masonry and its good work and commended the spirit which prompted these gatherings.

Mr. Rosenbladt next read letters of thanks from various lodges on the Islands for invitations received, and letters of regret from absent brethren.

Toasts which had been assigned were now in order as follows: H. H. Brodie, "Masons of the Hawaiian Islands;" "Blue Lodges," John Bush; "Masonry and the Grand Lodges," by Prince L. Topple, who presented the subject most ably. Following there the toastmaster called upon all the members for impromptu toasts.

The exercises then turned into a discussion of the advisability of forming a lodge of masons on Kauai. It was stated that the brethren had membership in lodges in various states and countries, whereas a local lodge was desired where all could meet.

The fact that the members are scattered over the island, and that they have no hall, makes them carefully deliberate upon the proposition. A committee was appointed to consider and look up the matter and report at the coming luau to be held next June at Lihue.

Special credit is due Messrs. McClellan, Rosenbladt, Olmstead, Goudie and Hofgaard for the preparation of the luau and decorations.

The exercises were varied by fine music rendered by the Koloa quartette, supplemented by the entertaining specialties of Mr. Vaughn.

The following brethren were present: Messrs. Anderson and Topple from Kealia, Wishard, Crawford and Wm. H. Rice from Lihue, Flohr and Bush from Koloa, Bole, McKenzie and McKechie from Elele, Brodie from Hanapepe, Hastie, Dyson, Greig and Wilkinson from Makaweli, Hofgaard, Wells, Goudie, McClellan and Rosenbladt from Waima, Faye and Olmstead from Kealia. The visiting brethren present were Capt. Gregory and Chief Engineer Norton of the Mikahala and Mr. Tannatt of Honolulu.

These luau are most commendable fraternal gatherings for brethren scattered as they are on these Islands.

All present regretted the absence of Messrs. J. H. Coney and E. E. Conant, whose presence was required in Honolulu at that time.

The Tunnel Franchise.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—A motion to recommit the majority report favoring the grant of the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel franchise was voted down by the board of aldermen today. The vote was 35 to 22. To pass the franchise a majority of the board and not a majority of those voting is necessary. Thus, forty votes will be needed to grant the franchise. Six members refused to vote on the motion to recommit.

NEW YEAR COMES WITH A HEARTY GREETING FROM ALL

Din of Night Noises Welcomes the Stranger. Many Merry-Making Parties Dance the Old Year Away.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Whirr of whistle, boom of bomb and flash of fire, blare of brass, din of detonation and aloha of all who witnessed the incoming of the youngest of the years, greeted the change of Father Time from the last of the old to the first of the new last midnight. And when at the stroke of 12 o'clock the myriad noises of the night gave token that the people were placing their homage at the feet of the incoming guest, every one who had waited for the moment showed their interest and with the most varied of expression added to the noise and the merriment.

There was nothing lacking. The whistles of the various factories of the city were kept going for a quarter of an hour after the minute hand indicated the birth of the period which will bring to Hawaii so many good things, and as their din made the night alive with echoes, from every corner of the downtown district arose shouts which were almost instantly drowned by the crack of bombs and the sputter of crackers. There was more than a fair representation of the life of the city on the streets and the uproar continued until a late hour with the many means of making noise, used to their fullest extent by the people who wished to show appreciation that a year, which had witnessed such peculiar times for the people of the Territory, had passed into history to give place to 1903, which comes with all the pathway of progress cleared and everything made ready for the greatest development. The New Year had lived for an hour before the din ceased and gave place to the quiet of the night.

MERRYMAKING MARKS THE OCCASION.

The close of the year was the occasion for many merry parties. Of the public ones none exceeded in jollity the dancing party which was given by Manager James of the Moana Hotel, for the guests of the establishment and such of the townspeople as gathered to take part in the festivities. There were many dinner parties preceding the event of the evening and the pretty dining room, ablaze with colored lights and bright with greens and blooms formed a fitting setting for the gowns and decorations. The feast was a notable one too, worthy of the occasion and place.

The largest party was one which was given for the enjoyment of a coterie of friends who joined for the occasion, and saw the death of the year. For their entertainment a special setting of a banquet table had been made and the favors were peculiarly fitting to the season and the party. There was much of merriment during the feast and after it had concluded the forty guests formed the center of the dancing party which filled the Walkiki parlors of the hotel. Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Church were the leaders and among the others who were included were all the young officers from Camp McKailey, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. George Angus, the Misses Angus, Miss Roth, Mr. Mrs. Misses Hutchins, Mr. Willis, Mrs. Winters and a number of others.

Dr. and Mrs. Humphris entertained Mr. and Mrs. Hawes and Mr. and Mrs. Baird, and Mr. H. W. Lake, entertained in honor of Mr. E. D. Moore, of the Associated Press. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lewis had Capt. and Mrs. Fuller and Mrs. Widdfield for guests and M. Phillips and wife were the center of a party of friends. There were numerous other small companies and the dancing after the dinner was general. The Glee Club played during dinner and for the dancing later.

TARO ROT REMEDY

Bulletin Issued by Mr. Jared G. Smith.

The Hawaii Agricultural Experiment Station has just issued its second bulletin, dealing this time with taro rot and suggesting remedies for its cure and prevention. The bulletin is issued under the supervision of Director Jared G. Smith by T. F. Sedgwick and his suggestions regarding the prevention of the destructive disease which threatens the extinction of the crop are of great importance. Taro is the staff of life for the native, being the principal ingredient of poi, and its extinction would be a loss not easily replaced.

A history of taro cultivation is given in the bulletin, with the information that the plant is fourth among the products of the Islands though least in area of land devoted to its cultivation.

PUNAHOU CELEBRATE.

The most elaborate dinner was the annual one of the Punahou Athletic club, in honor of the football team. There was a full table and the evening was spent with spirit and enjoyment. The dinner was enlivened by music from a Glee Club and the cheer of the college was heard to resound through the great building when a punctuation mark was needed for any of the many speeches which recounted the glories of victory and the valor of opponents.

Clarence H. Cooke, acted as toastmaster and brought out speeches from almost every member of the club present and the visitors as well. There were toasts to the men whose individual records had made the record of the season so brilliant, and to the clubs of the league, and the occasion was one of the utmost good feeling and the appreciation of the occasion was unanimous. The men who sat down to the dinner were: F. H. Armstrong, H. A. Widemann, C. P. Morse, C. H. Elston, F. W. Klebahn, F. A. Iaukea, T. W. Dibblee, C. A. Mackintosh, H. C. Easton, W. S. Rycroft, H. A. Walker, W. H. Rawlins, Percy Benson, C. H. Cooke, W. A. Anderson, H. F. Judd, H. W. Forbes, W. S. Walker, C. G. Fuller, N. B. Lansing, A. Marcellino, J. L. F. Robinson, J. D. Robinson, with certain others who joined the company only for a moment.

KAMEHAMEHA CELEBRATE.

The graduates of Kamehameha schools danced the old year out last evening at the club of the alumni on Fort street. There was a merry party and the hours were gladly speeded. The entertainment began at 8 o'clock with music by the Emerald quartet. There was then dancing and the display of costumes was a striking one.

The main assembly room was given over to the dancing and the rear apartments were used for the service of an excellent supper and refreshments in general. There were some special features such as an enjoyable selection on the phonograph by E. Stiles. The dancing was under the direction of a committee with C. H. Siemsen as chairman, and everything was of the most enjoyable.

THE REBEKAHS.

The New Year's eve dance of the Pacific Rebekah lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., at Progress hall was a huge success in point of numbers as well as in the enjoyment derived from several hours of alternate dancing the waltz and deus temps. In a hall strikingly decorated with strings of flags of various nations, embellished with flowers and greens and a motto, "Happy New Year" conspicuous over the archway of the platform, hundreds of young people danced from one year into another, only stopping for a few minutes as midnight came to greet 1903 with a blast from horns and ear-splitting whistles.

Captain Paul Smith was the floor manager and made a distinct hit with the young folks who demanded an encore after each dance by gallantly acquiescing. The music was good, the lemonade and cake excellent, the crowd was in the merriest frame of mind, and the hall rang with laughter and "Happy New Year" greetings. The program consisted of nearly twenty dances with an intermission before midnight for a light repast. One of the principal features was in the observance of the birth of the new year and at the first blast of a horn given by a charming member of the Rebekahs the hall resounded with noise for several minutes.

The investment in taro growing is from \$450,000 to \$500,000, and Prof. Sedgwick says the cultivation of taro is exceedingly profitable.

There is also a sketch of the method of culture and a lengthy explanation of the taro rot, which more readily affects wet land taro than the dry land plant. The disease is said to destroy on an average one-half of the crop and in many cases it has compelled the growers to give up cultivation entirely. All the Islands are reported to be alike affected. The disease is said to be of two forms, one due to soil conditions and lack of drainage; the other to the planting of diseased hules.

The effects of the experiments at Kailua are told in detail, with a record of the investigations and Prof. Sedgwick suggests improved methods of irrigation and of culture. Attention is paid also to the need of fertilizers, many of the taro fields having been in constant use for cultivation for nearly a century.

The following are the conclusions given in the bulletin as the conditions necessary to secure a good crop of taro: 1. A supply of good hules, free from disease.

2. A patch so laid out as to secure the most economical use of the irrigation water.

3. The application of proper fertilizers at the right time.

4. A constantly running stream of water circulating over the fields, or when this is not possible, a frequent change of water.

5. An occasional change in the variety of the taro planted.

6. An entire change of hules from one patch to another, or a rotation of crops, using taro land for rice or bananas, at least two years in every five.

ASSESSORS FOR NEW YEAR

Treas. Kepoikai Makes But Very Few Changes.

Treasurer Kepoikai has approved the list of deputy tax assessors and collectors for the year 1903. There are but half a dozen changes in the list from those of a year ago, and these only in case of resignations or dismissals for cause. Treasurer Kepoikai, in appointing the assessors for another year, signifies his adherence to the statement made by him upon assuming the duties of his office, namely, that there would be no clean sweep of the offices for political reasons only.

The following are the newly appointed officers:

OAHU: Honolulu—James L. Holt, M. C. Amama, A. W. Neely, Charley Phillips, Honolulu, Income Tax—J. M. Egea, Ewa and Waianae—Frank K. Archer, Waiwala—Edward Hore, Koolauloa—James Davis, Koolau—No. 1—Henry C. Adams, Koolau—No. 2—James Davis.

MAUI: Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai—G. H. Dunn, Wailuku—James N. K. Keola, Makawao—W. O. Aiken, Hana—M. H. Reuter.

HAWAII: South Hilo—George H. Williams, First Deputy; R. A. Lyman, Sr., Second Deputy.

Puna—Henry J. Lyman, Kau—Wm. P. Fennell, North Kona—J. Kaelemakule, South Kohala—Moses Koki, North Kohala—Wm. P. McDougall, Hamakua—William Horner.

KAUAI: Waimae and Niihau—J. K. Kapunihi, Koloa—Henry Blake, Lihue—J. B. Hanakuli, Kawaihau—J. W. Neal, Hanalei—W. E. H. Deverill.

SUGAR LOADED AT A FAST RATE

The Oahu Railway people did some very fast work at their sugar wharf on Tuesday afternoon in conveying on board the steamer Nebraska 22,000 bags of sugar during twelve and one-half hours' work. The sugar wharf is equipped in such a manner that sugar can be loaded here as fast as at any port in the world.

Only two conveyors were used on Tuesday, and but forty men were at work trucking the sugar from various parts of the warehouses to the conveyors. One thousand seven hundred and sixty bags of sugar went into the vessel every day on twenty-nine bags went over the conveyors every minute.

Leaving for the Coast.

Mr. F. J. Eckart, director of the Hawaiian Planters' Experimental station, is booked to leave on the Korea for a vacation. Commissioner of Agriculture Taylor will also leave by the same steamer. He goes especially to obtain all the information possible relative to regulations of quarantining and excluding plants, fruits, etc., accompanied with plant pests, from the Territory. The territorial laws at present are inadequate. Plants and fruits coming from domestic ports cannot be examined by the entomologist—only those from foreign countries. With Mr. Eckart they will consult with Mr. Albert Crow, the state quarantine officer and entomologist, not only on the blight question but as regards a fumigating plant and sundries, which are badly needed. Governor Dole wrote the Commissioner by last mail heartily approving of the means to attain the desired information and gives Mr. Taylor nineteen days' leave of absence. He will bring forest tree and grass seeds with him. Prof. Perkins will have charge of the office during his absence.

A New Summer Resort.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 15.—The Courier-Journal this morning says: A deed was recorded yesterday in the county clerk's office whereby South Park, formerly a summer resort situated thirteen miles from Louisville on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, passes into the hands of William H. Beach, a Los Angeles (Cal.) capitalist. It is stated that he will convert part of the property into a summer resort and another part into a children's home where abandoned waifs will be given every care and attention. The place contains about 300 acres of land and a 25 acre lake.

Looking for Poachers.

SAN DIEGO, December 16.—Officers of the Mexican government came up on the steamer St. Dennis yesterday in search of a sloop that is alleged to have had on board a cargo of guano, taken from one of the islands off the lower coast without permission. The sloop was overtaken within United States waters, however, and nothing could be done. It is claimed that the sloop landed at the island and took aboard about 400 sacks of guano that was ready to be shipped by the owners of the concession from Geronimo Island, the value of the stuff being about \$500.

A Cough is not a disease, but a symptom. It indicates that the lungs and bronchial tubes are inflamed. This inflammation often leads to pneumonia. The surest way to ward off pneumonia is to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on the first appearance of the cough of cold. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Humboldt-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Now
is
the
Time
to
Plant

SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received. It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few days from the

Hollister
Drug
Company
Honolulu,
Hawaii.

The Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

CAPITAL \$500,000

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

Chas. M. Cooke, President
P. C. Jones, Vice President
C. H. Cooke, Cashier
F. C. Atherton, Assistant Cashier
Directors: Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in pass books, copies of which may be had on application.
Jedd Building, Fort Street.

CLARK'S B & I PILLS Are warranted to cure all kinds of Biliousness, Pains in the back, and all kinds of Constipation, Free from Mercury. Establishments of 25 years. In boxes of 50 each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, Eng. land.

SUMNER HAS HIS JOKELET**All Right But in Clutches of the Law.**

"I have a sound mind," said John K. Sumner yesterday in response to a question at the hearing of the Sumner case, "and I am able to take care of myself when I do not fall into the clutches of the law." This expression by Sumner seems to fit the case of the old man best of anything, though the word "lawyers" might better be substituted for "law," as was suggested by some of the attorneys present at the hearing.

Sumner was on the stand all day yesterday, and seemed eminently able to take care of himself, excepting the fact that he was "in the clutches of the law."

He went over in detail, on cross-examination, all the transactions leading up to the cancellation of the trust deed and his will, though he exhibited a shrewd forgetfulness when the answers seemed likely to involve Attorney Magoon or himself. Whenever the questions of Attorney Thompson became too pointed Sumner would answer, "I have forgotten that," and it was found impossible to extract any information which he didn't want to give of his own free will.

Sumner testified that he got the money and his will first, but that when Mr. Magoon returned to the Bishop with a deed conveying all property to Sumner, the trustee would not sign it. "What did the Bishop say when he refused to sign it?" asked Mr. Thompson.

"I have forgotten," replied Sumner. "Who was there at the time?" "Mr. Magoon."

"Were you there?" "I don't think so."

"Don't you know, as a matter of fact, you were there?" "I've forgotten."

"How did you find out that the Bishop refused to sign the deed?" "Mr. Magoon told me."

"Well, what took place at your meeting with the Bishop?" "There wasn't much conversation. The Bishop simply handed me the money and the trust deed. I got the will and Magoon took the money."

"So Magoon took the money, did he?" "Yes, he took the check, and I got the cancelled will."

"To whom was the check made payable?" "To me."

"Did you indorse it before Magoon put it in his pocket?" "I have forgotten that."

Humphreys interrupted at this point to state that he had kept count of the examinations, and that Sumner had forgotten sixteen answers out of twenty-three, though he had displayed a remarkable memory on Magoon's examination last Saturday.

Sumner next told of the destruction of the will, saying that he had met Wallie Davis on the wharf and gone with him to his island home, where the document was consigned to the flames. The witness stated that he did so without any compulsion or suggestion from anyone, adding that he knew nothing of the contents of the will. It developed here, also, that John Keller, a witness of the will, had suddenly left the Territory, going to Tahiti on the Zealandia. Sumner admitted that he had paid Keller's passage, and said he had left Honolulu in October or November, but he didn't remember whether it was before or after the present suit had been instituted.

There was some discussion also as to where the \$48,000 was originally deposited, whether in the First National or in Bishop's bank, though the examination of Sumner finally showed the check to have been drawn upon the First National and deposited with Bishop & Company for collection.

"Was this money deposited so you could take it out?" Sumner was asked by Thompson.

"It was left in the bank, because the matter had not been fully settled with the Bishop. There were several little things the Bishop had to fix up."

RAVAGES OF SILVER FISH RECEIVE OFFICIAL NOTICE

Little Wardrobe Insect Which Has Been the Bane of Householders for Centuries Invites Governmental Inspection.

Commissioner of Agriculture Wray Taylor has received from the Division of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, a report on the "silver fish," the insect which is the bane of householders of Honolulu. Few trunks, bureaus or wardrobes are safe from the assaults of this peculiar insect and the report gives remedies with which to combat it.

This insect is often one of the most troublesome enemies of books, papers, card labels in museums and starched clothing, and occasionally stored food substances. Its peculiar fish-like form, scaly, glistening body, together with its very rapid movements and active efforts at concealment whenever it is uncovered, have attached considerable popular interest to it. The peculiar appearance of the common silver fish early drew attention to it, and a fairly accurate description of it, given in a little work published in London in 1866 by the Royal Society, is as follows:

It is a very small, silvery, shining worm or moth which I found much conversant among books and papers, and is supposed to be that which corrodes and eats holes through the leaves and covers. It appears to the naked eye a small, glittering, pearl-colored moth, which, upon the removing of books and papers in the summer, is often observed very nimbly to scud and pack away to some lurking cranny where it may better protect itself from any appearing dangers. Its head appears big and blunt, and its body tapers from it toward the tail, smaller and smaller, being shaped almost like a carrot.

On account of its always skimming the light and its ability to run very rapidly to places of concealment, it is not often seen and is most difficult to capture, and being clothed with smooth, glistening scales, it will slip from between the fingers and is almost impossible to secure without crushing or damaging. It is one of the most serious pests in libraries, particularly to the

"It was at the house in Kalihi. Maria, Wallie Davis and George Davis were there."

"What Davis did you give the check to, George A. Davis, or Wallie Davis?" "One George A. Davis," interrupted the attorney, whereat everyone in the court room laughed.

"That George A. Davis," replied Sumner, indicating the attorney, at which the laugh grew louder, as the even more objectionable form of reference was used by the witness.

A demand was here made upon Davis to produce the check in court, which he agreed to do, stating that there had been no fraud or anything wrong in the matter.

"Who placed the embargo on your money, so you couldn't get it: was it Magoon?" asked Thompson.

"I wanted to draw checks without anyone saying anything, except where they were of large amounts, like \$2,000 or \$3,000; then I wanted somebody to stand by my side and see that I didn't get cheated."

There was considerable more testimony, Thompson trying to get an admission from Sumner that Magoon had tied up the \$48,000, but he was not successful, the witness sticking to his first story, that he didn't intend to have anyone interfere with his money. A new line of examination was then developed.

"How old are you?" asked Thompson.

"Victoria knows. She has the book," replied Sumner, and then he added, "I was born in 1820," looking to Mrs. Buffandean for confirmation.

"Where were you born?" "Where the palace is now."

"How old are you?" asked Judge De Bolt.

"I am 86," said the old man, smiling and missing the mark by three years.

"How is your general health?" inquired Thompson.

"Good."

"How is your eyesight?" "Good; considering."

"Can you read the newspapers?" "With specs."

"Can you read English?" "A little."

"Do you hear well?" "Yes."

"How is your memory?" "Probably the physicians can tell you that."

"But I want you to tell us, do you forget easily?"

"I have a sound mind, and can take care of myself when I do not fall into the clutches of the law."

Thompson then wanted to know if anyone had made a copy of the will, or whether Magoon had seen it before it was destroyed. To both questions the witness replied in the negative, and also to the question as to whether Stewart had ever been called in to examine the will while it was in possession of the Bishop.

At noon an adjournment was taken until this morning at 10 o'clock, when the examination of Sumner will be resumed. At this time Davis promises to bring in the \$48,000 check, about which there has been so much talk, and Sumner will bring in his book of deposit upon Bishop & Company's bank.

binding of books, and will frequently eat off the gold lettering to get the paste beneath, or, as reported by Mr. P. R. Uhler, of Baltimore, often gnaws off white slips glued on the backs of books. Heavily glazed paper seems very attractive to this insect, and it has frequently happened that the labels in museum collections have been disfigured or destroyed by it, the glazed surface having been entirely eaten off. In some cases books printed on heavily sized paper will have the surface of the leaves a good deal scraped, leaving only the portions covered by the ink. It will also eat any starched clothing, linen, or curtains, and has been known to do very serious damage to silks which had probably been stiffened with sizing. Its damage in houses, in addition to its injury to books, consists in causing the wall paper to scale off by its feeding on the starch paste.

Remedies are suggested in the official report, which are said to be entirely feasible in the Hawaiian Islands. The report says: "Advantage may be taken of the liking of these insects for fabrics and other articles containing starch to poison them by slipping into all the crevices where they occur—in bookshelves and backs of mantels, under washboards, and in the bottoms of drawers—bits of cardboard on which a thick boiled starch paste liberally poisoned with arsenic has been spread and dried. The silver fish readily succumbs to pyrethrum, and wherever this can be applied, as on book shelves, it furnishes one of the best means of control. For starched clothing and similar objects liable to be injured by it, frequent handling and airing and the destruction by hand of all specimens discovered is to be recommended, in addition to the poisoned cardboard remedy. Little damage is liable to occur in houses except in comparatively moist situations or where stored objects remain undisturbed for a year or more."

of vessels totally lost was 51. In addition to the foregoing there were 361 casualties to undocumented craft—sailboats, rowboats, etc.—carrying 796 persons, six of whom perished. The value of property involved in these instances is estimated at \$174,120, of which \$167,575 was saved and \$6,545 lost. The aggregate of disasters to vessels of all descriptions, with their value, including part of their cargoes, and also the number of persons involved, is, therefore, as follows:

Total number of disasters, 746; number of vessels totally lost, 51; total number of persons involved, 4,220; total number of persons lost, 25; total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations, 712; total number of days' succor afforded, 1,272; total value of property involved, \$14,567,130; total value of property saved, \$12,292,795; total value of property lost, \$2,274,335.

The foregoing summary does not include seventy persons who were rescued from various positions of danger, most or all of whom would otherwise have perished, nor the seven members lost from the Monomoy life saving crew.

HOW THEY SPENT CHRISTMAS DAY

Supt. Jack McVeigh has received several letters from the leper settlement telling how Christmas Day was observed at Kalaupapa. The day was wet and stormy and for that reason there could be no outside Christmas exercises. There were services in the various churches, but the lepers for the most part spent the day among themselves holding small luaus, without much display.

Supt. McVeigh says that the real holiday celebration has been postponed until his return to the settlement. He will leave on Monday taking with him the Christmas boxes and the fund donated by the Honolulu people and there will be a monster luau for all the people of the settlement some day next week.

ACTIVITY AMONG SAILING FLEET

There is considerable activity about the vessels of the sailing fleet now in port, owing to the fact that a number of them must get away before the first of the year in order that the owners of the sugar may not be obliged to pay property taxes on it in Hawaii. There are a fair number of vessels in port. The schooner Alice Cooke arrived in port yesterday after a passage of twenty-three days from the Sound, bringing a cargo of 320 telegraph poles and lumber. During the first part of the vessel's passage he met with considerable bad weather.

The bark R. P. Rihet, Captain McPhail, sailed for San Francisco at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, with a cargo of 23,000 bags of sugar. The barkentine John L. Ewinton, Captain Ramsell, left during the afternoon in ballast for Eureka to load lumber, but the vessel's skipper does not know yet what the destination will be after leaving Eureka.

The bark Alden Berra will sail for the Coast some time today with a cargo of sugar, and it is likely that the barkentine S. N. Castle will also get away with sugar some time during the day. The barkentine Archer is also loading sugar. The bark Edward Max has to have sailed from Makawili the first of this week with a full cargo of sugar. The bark Martha Davis is loading sugar at Kailua for San Francisco. The bark Manna Ala is also loading sugar here for San Francisco.

SAY HE IS BANKRUPT**Petition Is Filed Against H. C. Austin.**

A petition was filed in United States court yesterday asking that Herbert C. Austin, late auditor of the Territory of Hawaii, be declared a bankrupt.

The complaining creditors are Lewers & Cooke, E. O. Hall & Son, and the Washington Mercantile Co. The petition "respectfully shows that Herbert C. Austin of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory and District of Hawaii, has for six months preceding the date of filing this petition aforesaid resided in Honolulu in said District of Hawaii and owes debts exceeding the sum of Three Thousand Dollars.

"That your petitioners are creditors of said Herbert C. Austin, having claims amounting in the aggregate in excess of securities held by them, to the sum of \$3,517.09.

"That the nature and amount of your petitioners' claims are as follows:

Lewers & Cooke, Ltd., note dated October 31st, 1899, three months from date, \$2,950.72.

Interest on same at 8 per cent from date, \$719.80.

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd., Goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered, \$28.18.

Washington Mercantile Co., Ltd., goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered, \$112.39.

"And your petitioners further represent that the said Herbert C. Austin is insolvent, and that within four months next preceding the date of this petition, the said Herbert C. Austin committed an Act of Bankruptcy in that he did, to wit:

"On the 20th day of December, 1902, suffer while insolvent a creditor, to wit, one H. G. Middleitch to obtain a preference through legal proceedings and did not within five days before a sale or final disposition of the property affected by such preference, vacate and discharge such preference.

"Wherefore, your petitioners pray that service of this petition with a subpoena be made upon the said Herbert C. Austin as provided in the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy and that he may be adjudged by the Court to be a bankrupt within the purview of such acts."

Judge Estee ordered that "Said Herbert C. Austin do appear at this court as a Court of Bankruptcy to be held at Honolulu, in the District aforesaid, on the 12th day of January, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted."

FRENCH BOUNTY EARNING VESSELS

Editor Advertiser: The coming of several of the so-called French bounty earners to this port during the past few months has caused much talk in shipping circles regarding the inability of American and English ships to compete in foreign trade with these subsidized vessels, and as agent of these vessels I have often been asked to explain just what advantage they had over ships of other nationalities.

In order to foster and encourage the upbuilding of a large merchant marine the French Chamber of Deputies, during the session of 1899, passed a bill the provisions of which granted a subsidy to all ships built in French ship yards for French owners during the years 1900, 1901, 1902. The subsidy is to be paid over a period of ten years, dating from 1900, and is calculated on the following basis:

The first year 1.7 francs, or, roughly, in American money, 34 cents, per gross ton register is paid for each 1,000 miles sailed from port to port, distance measured by great circle route. Each succeeding year the subsidy is decreased .06 francs; that is to say, the second year the ship would be paid 32 cents per gross ton register for each 1,000 miles covered.

Owing to the fact that the subsidy is paid on the gross tonnage, it is the endeavor of the builders to furnish the ships with all possible superstructure, which does not carry freight but does earn subsidy. An instance of this was seen on the ship Champigny, lately in this port. The net registered tonnage of this ship was 2,445 tons, while the gross measured 3,320 tons. It might here be stated that an American or English ship measuring 2,445 tons net would not ordinarily gross more than 2,700 tons. Thus, it will be seen that the builders added on space above decks which measures about 700 tons for the purpose of increasing the bounty earning capacity.

The ship Champigny brought a cargo of coal from Cardiff, Wales to Honolulu, on which she carried freight amounting to about \$5,000. At the same time she rolled up a government bounty amounting to \$12,545.80, calculated as follows:

No Strength

Are you easily tired? Is your work a burden? Do you often feel weak and faint? Is your appetite poor? Are you easily discouraged? Then your nerves are weak and your blood impure. Sickness is not far away.



My blood often becomes impure, causing eruptions on the skin, and my general system gets all run down, causing indigestion and great debility. But I take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which quickly brings me out of my troubles. For all those who are debilitated and weakened by the long, hot summers of our country, there is no remedy equal to this grand family medicine.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitations of "Sarsaparilla." Be sure you get Ayer's.

Always keep your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills. They are purely vegetable, act on the liver, and cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

THE FIRST American Savings & Trust Co.

OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

President.....Cecll Brown

Vice-President.....M. P. Robinson

Cashier.....W. G. Cooper

Principal Office: Corner Fort and King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum.

Rules and regulations furnished upon

Commencing with the new year we will, until further notice, have a series of special stock sales with only one article at a time, and for one week only.

Watch our advertising column for you will be sure to see many things you want at greatly reduced prices.

This sale will include many household necessities.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

LIMITED.

January 2, 1903

Commencing with the new year we will, until further notice, have a series of special stock sales with only one article at a time, and for one week only.

Watch our advertising column for you will be sure to see many things you want at greatly reduced prices.

This sale will include many household necessities.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

LIMITED.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S. NEW YORK LINE

Bark "NUUANU"

Sailing from

NEW YORK to HONOLULU

About Dec. 15.

For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

37 Kibby St., Boston.

or C. BREWER & CO.,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

Gross tonnage, 3,320.122 tons equals \$1,125.80, subsidy for 1,000 miles; distance, approximately, from Cardiff to Honolulu, 12,000 miles, gives us the total subsidy; \$1,125.80 multiplied by 12 equals \$13,545.60.

These figures are startling when it is considered that these classes of ships are in direct competition with American and English ships that derive no subsidy from their home governments and must depend entirely on their freight earnings to exist and pay dividends to their owners.

NORMAN WATKINS

Truthfully a severe test of a

philosophy. A simple radiometer, a plate of cotton with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and place it in the cavity of the affected tooth. One application gives relief. Try it. All druggists and dentists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Soft White Hands Luxuriant Hair Produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and best baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. STROLES BERT is often sufficient to cure the severest humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," post free, of Aust. Depot, R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N.S.W. So. African Depot: LEKKON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DUGGS AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.



Manufacturer's Shoe Co., LIMITED

STYLISH SHOES

Fall Styles are now ready. Styles you could never buy except made to order, before now.

THE All America \$3.50 Shoe

Is the very best shoe on the market. Made all styles and shapes. Every pair guaranteed. It's a pleasure to show them.



No Need of Argument

The delightful flavor and healthful qualities are the test for

Primo Lager

Order a trial case from the brewery or your liquor dealer.

Their Coronation Day. Gov. Dole gives half holiday. U. S. Steamer Albatross reports channel between Kauai and Niihau only 400 fathoms deep.

JULY

July 2d.—Disappearance of fire in Kilauea reported—smoke still copious. An enormous fall of rock in the pit has smothered up the up-welling lava.

4th.—Independence Day fully celebrated.

5th.—Missionary schooner Carrie and Annie arrives on her way to Micronesia.

10th.—A large section of the Home Rule party, led by Prince Cupid, breaks away from the leadership of Delegate Wilcox, with severe recriminations.

13th.—Board of Health visit leper settlement, and report an unwonted absence of complaints. Lepers greatly interested in sports.

14th.—Ex-queen arrives back from Washington, after falling to secure any attention from Congress for her alleged claims to the crown lands. Humble homage paid her by her old adherents.—Home Rule bolters begin to organize. Hui Kuokoa, or Independent party, denouncing the incapacity of last legislature.

17th.—Arrival of long-missing U. S. training ship Mohican. Kaumakapili church receives award of nearly \$50,000 from Court of Fire Claims.—Walter, third son of Manager G. F. Renton of Ewa plantation, shoots himself in abdomen while toying with parlor rifle, and lives only a few hours.

23d.—Remains found inside Diamond Head, subsequently fully identified as those of Ernest C. Hornet, a jeweler, missing for nearly a year. Probable suicide.

25th.—Merchants' Fair opens in evening to continue next week.

26th.—Agricultural Fair opens in drill shed. Nevada arrives from Coast—the first oil burning steamer here.

29th.—Agricultural Fair closes, after successful exhibits of fruits, vegetables, grapes, etc.

30th.—Merchants' Fair closed, after

(Continued on page 2.)

Jan. 1st.—News arrives of death in Philadelphia in street car accident of Philadelphian.

1st.—A laborer on the Young building is struck on the leg and sustains a compound fracture. The Rapid Transit Company reports a total of 770,466 passengers carried over the line during December, resulting in net earnings for the month of \$5,898.98. Home rulers have their long talked of meeting at the Drill shed "to ratify the President's message."

5th.—Sudden death of Mrs. Dr. J. S. B. Pratt.

6th.—Collision of the J. A. Cummins and Malolo off the entrance to the port, causing considerable though not serious damage to both vessels.

7th.—Claudia, a Porto Rican, is caught in the act of stealing a safe from a Richards street cottage.

8th.—Alex. Solomon, an East Indian, in demolishing Davies & Co.'s old office, building, is caught and buried beneath a falling wall and instantly killed. Another workman narrowly escaped. A native in a dazed condition is run over by a tram car and badly hurt. He was sent to the hospital.

9th.—Prompt response to an alarm for fire at the corner of Fort and King streets averts serious disaster.—King prowlers and attempted burglaries in eastern part of the town are becoming matters of daily report.

12th.—Annual meeting of the Historical Society. After the election of officers the paper of the evening on Hawaiian Superstitions by J. S. Emerson was read by the author.

12th.—Death of Jose Rosa under circumstances that subsequently arouse suspicions of foul play, which resulted in exhuming the body and the arrest of the widow and his brother.

13th.—The jury in the second Pearl Harbor land case award damages in favor of Honolulu Plantation Company in the sum of \$105,000. Both sides note an appeal.—Two Porto Ricans are arrested in an attempted hold up of a hack near South and Queen streets.—Following the inquiry relative to the condition of electric wires throughout the city Mr. W. F. C. Hasson is appointed inspector.

14th.—As a result of the coroner's jury inquest on the body of Jose Rosa the charge of murder in the first degree is entered against George Rosa, his brother.

15th.—Annual meeting of the Wireless Telegraph Company. Officers elected and proposition to reduce the capital stock. Directors are empowered to secure a loan wherewith to operate the system, which practically suspended last November.—William Farant, from heart disease, falls dead in the arms of his wife.

16th.—Sheriff Porto plans to round up the idle Porto Ricans of the city and apply the vagrant act; alternative, work on plantations or roads.

17th.—Anniversary of the overthrow of the monarchy, a legal holiday.—Dr. Walters is thrown from his horse and seriously injured on the head.

19th.—Early morning fire at residence of C. L. Rhodes, Young street, occasions considerable damage to house and loss of personal effects.—Clash among sailors near the Railroad wharves results in several arrests and the surgeon's aid.

19th.—Bishop Willis posts a notice on St. Andrew's Cathedral door officially terminating the existence of the Second Congregation, but it continues its services.

20th.—Truesdell, a German shoemaker, tried to shoot a Japanese woman, then blew out his brains with his pistol.—Death of Frank Brown, a well-known kamakia, after a long illness.—Kiloheana Art League's musicale, at the home of Mrs. Castle, Manoa, was a brilliant social and artistic success.—United States training ship Mohican arrives from La Paz, Mexico.

22nd.—Much anxiety felt over the long overdue British sloop-of-war Condon, which left Victoria, B. C., December 2, last, for this port.

23rd.—Thos. E. Krouse, well-known hotel keeper, suicides by shooting himself twice.—The police cleverly capture an illicit distillery outfit at Diamond Head; three Japanese of the reported gang of six were secured.—Mrs. Dr. E. Hoffman passes away at the full age of 83 years.

25th.—Arrival of United States transport Kilpatrick and French cruiser Protet from San Francisco.—Farmers' Institute organized at the Waiheke colony.—Kiloheana Art League holds its literary contest of essays, poems and story by local writers.

27th.—German Emperor's birthday celebrated by an official reception at the consulate and formal opening of the new Hackfeld building at noon.—Mission Children's Society meet at the Dillingham home and plan for a golden jubilee in May.

28th.—Death of W. R. Buchanan, aged 72; a resident of this city for the past 30 years.—Tus-tus herb remedy for prosoy favorably reported on from Tahiti, from supplies sent from here.

29th.—Reception on the Protet; very generally attended.—A Japanese, despondent through reverses, commits suicide.—In the Kamalo Plantation case again in court, the promoters get a bad set back.—Iwilei notorious retaining the police raid the den of iniquity and make many arrests.

30th.—Temperance rally day. Meeting of workers at the Y. M. C. A. hall at 10 a. m.; of business men at Chamber of Commerce room at 4 p. m. addressed by Governor Dole, W. A. Bowen and others, and evening meetings of local nationalities at various central points.—Annual meeting of the Rapid Transit Company; Manager McIntyre makes a fine showing of earnings for its four months since opening. It was voted to increase the capital stock from \$300,000 to \$800,000 for the extension of the road.—Bishop Willis according to postcard notice, closes the Cathedral doors against the new congregation.

FEBRUARY.

Feb. 2nd.—Death of Mrs. Abigail Drew, a well-known resident, aged 75 years.

3rd.—A lottery scheme to swindle Japanese laborers is being foisted, with promise of prizes as high as \$2,000, to be drawn in front of the Judiciary building.

4th.—Vital statistics for January show 77 deaths, 76 births, and 33 marriages registered.

5th.—Iwilei wash house conditions are condemned by the Board of Health; alterations and improvements suggested to cost probably \$1,500.—At Wade's retrial for the death of Gillespie he is found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree.—So-called "calico" masked ball at the Drill Shed, for the benefit of the Eye and Ear Infirmary, was largely attended.

6th.—Chinese begin their Konofo (New Year's) celebrations, to the discomfort of many households.—The Tus-tus plant is in demand for experimental use at Mokokai, and a quantity will be sent thither.

7th.—New Year's reception at the United Chinese Society's building from 11 to 1 o'clock; Berger's band in attendance.—J. S. Bailey is thrown from his wagon, in a runaway, and sustains severe injuries.

8th.—A mass meeting addressed by Hawaiians, at the Drill Shed to consider the Wilcox leper bill introduced in Congress strongly protest against its passage, as also any attempt to amend the Organic Act relating to the suffrage of the natives of these islands.—A Chinese woman, disturbing a burglar in his search for valuables, is stabbed in the shoulder, the assailant escaping in the darkness.

10th.—The two-story building on Fort street, adjoining the Convent premises, once the Aldrich residence, is another landmark that succumbs to the march of improvements.

11th.—An unusually large ulua, weighing 27 pounds and measuring three feet in length, is caught with hook and line off the lagoon wharf.

12th.—Work begins on the Waikiki extension of the Rapid Transit line by the construction of a road through the McCully tract.—Weight-Patry wedding at the residence of the bride's mother, Rev. H. H. Parker officiating.

13th.—Judge Estee renders a decision declaring the Primo beer law unconstitutional and void.—E. M. Griffith, expert forester from the department at Washington enroute to the Philippines, gave an interesting address on conditions here, from his observations in a recent tour of the windward islands.

16th.—Steamer Sierra arrives from San Francisco four days late on account of delayed English mail and an unusually stormy passage.—In the throes of a rainless Kona storm Honolulu awakes this morning to find the thermometer down to 52 degrees, her lowest record.

17th.—Six-acre block on crest of Kaimuki tract is selected as the Hospital for Incurables' site; building operations soon to commence.—Death of Dr. G. M. Saul, from typhoid fever after but a brief illness.

19th.—Judge Robinson, the new third judge of the First circuit, opens his court this day.—Work on dredging Pearl Harbor has commenced, the dredger, built at this port, having been towed to its location yesterday.—Two ore retail liquor licenses granted for central Honolulu, and an attempt is made to extend the permitted area.

21st.—William Meyers, a well borer, shoots his wife, a native woman, then takes his own life.

22nd.—Washington's birthday observed as a general holiday and commemorated by the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution at the residence of its president, W. R. Castle, as also in several schools of the city.

23rd.—Steamers Alameda and Doric make a longer passage than usual from the Coast. They both left the city on regular schedule time and experienced unusually rough weather the entire trip.—Patriotic services at Central Union Church, with addresses on the life and influence of Washington by Governor Dole and Judge Estee, listened to with marked attention by a packed house.

24th.—The Chamber of Commerce met to consider a resolution of the Merchants' Association relative to Federal aid for city sanitation. A committee of three was appointed to confer with the board of health and the Federal quarantine officers as to possibilities, for early report.—Bids received for the construction of the long-desired ditch for the improvement of the Kewalo and Kakaoka tracts, in which Asiatic labor is to be excluded.

26th.—R. W. Breckons, United States District Attorney for this Territory, arrives, with his family, on the transport Warren.

27th.—Several sugar plantation corporations hold their annual meetings for the presentation of reports, etc. Ewa heads the list, both for total crop, 32,840 tons, and yield per acre, which averaged 10.89 tons throughout, for plant and ratoon cane.—Kilnel votes to issue bonds for \$500,000 to provide funds for further development of the plantation.—The Attorney General, replying to the Treasurer's inquiry for legal authority to restrict the number of liquor licenses, says the discretionary power he holds is in the nature of a public trust: Limited, not absolute.

28th.—Blustering March winds.—Transport Warren leaves port for Manila with loss of one blade of her propeller, and returns six hours later having lost another.

MARCH.

March 1st.—Scores of large algaroba trees in Kapiolani Park uprooted by gale, also throughout the city.

4th.—News of death in Chicago, by pneumonia, of E. C. Macfarlane, on the tenth day of his marriage. The deceased was long prominent in Honolulu business and politics.

5th.—T. de Cotte of Wailuku swept away in Maliko gulch. Body found four days later.

6th.—Abatement of six days' north-easterly gale. The fleet of weatherbound coasters get away.

7th.—John Williams, a native, kills himself by a shot through the mouth.

8th.—Cause, jealousy. Edward Stiles, handling a live wire at Waikiki, is barely resuscitated, with badly burned hand. Hakalau Mill, Hawaii, shuts down for broken fumes.

9th.—Bishop Willis consecrates the Anglican Cathedral with a three hours' service. The Second Congregation is absent and roundly scored by the Bishop.

10th.—Death of William Auld, a prominent half-white, and president of Kakaoka's Hale Naua Society.

Reports given from unprecedented rain deluges on Maui and Hawaii last week; the higher records as follows:

On Maui: Grove Ranch, 23 inches; Hana, 25 in.; Puuomale, 26 in.; Haleakala Ranch, 37 in.; Nahiiku, 42 in.

On Hawaii: At Hilo, from 25 to 40 inches; Honokaa Mill, 23.55 in.; Upper Honokaa, 45.56 in.; Upper Paaulo, 48 in.; Kukaia, 45.72 in.; 59.88, and 57.91 inches, at elevations of 255, 900, and 2,000 feet respectively.

Hilo and Hamakua swept by destructive floods. Roads and bridges extensively destroyed.

Waipio valley entirely flooded, ten feet deep along the shore, set back by heavy surf, 27 inches rain at Mountain View, Oahu, in 24 hours.

11th.—M. F. Lennon disbarred by Supreme Court, after serving time for gross cheat. On a second trial before Judge Estee, a jury assess the value of Honolulu Plantation land condemned for the Naval Station, at \$102,523, or nearly the same as at the former trial.

13th.—Editor Walter G. Smith, of P. C. Advertiser, sentenced by Judge Gear of Second Circuit Court, to thirty days' imprisonment, for contempt of court, Judges Humphreys and Robinson sit in banco with Gear. Smith released by Chief Justice on \$500 bail. It is contended that the contempt was only constructive, not actual, being in a cartoon derogatory to Gear. Gear construes it as actual contempt because it affected the trial of a case pending in his court.

Woods, a negro life-terminer, escapes from the prison gang at Makiki quarry. Kaahue, a native, falls from roof of two-story house and is killed by impaling head on a picket.

14th.—Governor Dole receives summons from Washington to visit and confer with the President.

15th.—Judge Humphreys orders assets of Kona Sugar Co. to be sold at auction.

16th.—Stately funeral of late E. C. Macfarlane, at R. C. Cathedral and Nuuanu Cemetery.

18th.—At noon, thunder storm in upper Nuuanu discharges 5.55 inches of rain in 35 minutes. Heaviest freshet for many years, sending torrent down Nuuanu street to Vineyard street. Little damage; rain confined to one valley.

21st.—New building of Hackfeld & Co. opened to crowds of visitors.—Great snow-cap reported on Haleakala on 17th.

23rd.—Skillful and daring recapture by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth of negro desperado Woods in Punchbowl lanitana.

24th.—Fish Commission Steamer Albatross arrived to study marine life in Hawaiian waters and explore Hawaiian fisheries.—William Crews, a formerly successful carpenter, hangs himself in his bath-room.

25th.—Thunderstorm over the city. Streets flooded. Electric connections disturbed. Flood finds access to lime stored in Automobile building and starts a fire, soon extinguished.

26th.—Arrival of Bishop W. L. Nichols of San Francisco, to receive from Bishop Willis the transfer of the Diocese and property of the Anglican Church here to the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States. Governor S. B. Dole leaves per Sierra for Washington.

27th.—Decision to proceed with erection of Hospital for Incurables on six-acre lot at Kaimuki Summit. Subscriptions to date, \$139,950. Paid up, \$26,862.50.

30th.—General observance of Easter Sunday in Honolulu churches with lavish decorations and music. Heavy thunder in afternoon and evening. Floods along railway west of Ewa Mill at 4 p. m. Baggage car derailed. Hall falls in same locality.

31st.—Record of March rainfall on School street, 11.31 inches, being the largest single month's rainfall for four years.

APRIL.

April 1st.—Bishop Willis makes formal transfer of the Diocese of Honolulu and its property to the Protestant Episcopal Church of America, represented by Bishop Nichols of California.

5th.—Bishop Nichols reinstated Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, and Rev. John Osborne, recently excommunicated by Bishop Willis.

8th.—The special election for Representative of Fourth District, Harris elected by 831 votes against Dreier 674 votes.

9th.—Head of Otto Fetter crushed in gearing of a dredger.

15th.—The Committee of the Board of Health to investigate alleged case of death of leper prisoner through neglect, report, calling for the removal of Superintendent Reynolds and Dr. Oliver.

17th.—George Ferris captured at noon, near Punahou, after the murder last night of John Watson, a horse-trainer.

20th.—Sudden death of James K. Kaula, a chief leader of the Royalist Home Rule Party.

25th.—Native named Hoonohono smothered by caving of earth and black sand at Makiki quarry.

26th.—Mrs. Jane L. Stanford entertains at dinner, at the Moana Hotel, 28 former students of Stanford University in attendance.

29th.—Suicide of Frank B. Auerbach, Manager of May & Co. Ltd. He shoots himself through the head at 5 a. m. near his residence in Makiki. He had been suffering much pain from increasing malady in stomach and head for three years.

MAY.

May 2d.—Chas. M. Cooke's carriage wrecked while driving down from Lualaba, and his left arm broken. Mrs. Montague Turner much bruised, and her maid breaks two ribs.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, December 30.
S. S. Nebraskan, Greene, from Kahului.
Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui, Kona and Kau ports at 8:20 a.m.
Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Penhallow, from Port Gamble, at 7:30 a.m.

Wednesday, Dec. 31st.
Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai ports at 8:15 a.m.
Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kauai ports at 8:15 a.m.
Stmr. Nihau, Pedersen, from Kauai ports at 4:30 a.m.

Thursday, Jan. 1.
Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Lahaina and H. walls ports, at 4:15 a.m.
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, from Anahola, Kapaa, Kilauea, Hanalei and Kailiwal, at 6:30 a.m.
Schr. Chag, Levi Woodbury, Harris, from Hilo, cargo of wood, at 6 p.m.

DEPARTED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, December 30.
Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at noon.
Am. bk. R. P. Rithet, McPhail, for San Francisco, at 10 a.m.
Am. bktn. Jos. L. Eviston, Ramseilus, for Eureka, at 4 p.m.
It. sp. Wallacetown, Russo, for Sydney, at 1 p.m.
Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Kauai ports, at 5 p.m.
Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p.m.
Gas. schr. Eclipse, Townsend, for Maui and Hawaii ports.

Wednesday, Dec. 31st.
S. S. Nebraskan, Greene, for San Francisco at 5 p.m.
Am. bk. Alden Besse, Kessel, for San Francisco at 5:10 p.m.
Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Nilson, for San Francisco at 4 p.m.
Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai, Lanai and Maui ports at 5 p.m.

Thursday, Jan. 1.
Cable steamer Silvertown, Morton, to lay cable, at 4:20 a.m.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per stmr. Mauna Loa, Dec. 30.—From the Volcano W. F. Drake, Mrs. M. A. Hill, Willis P. Pope, Dr. G. H. Huddy, T. Roth, D. A. Berger, A. M. Merrill, R. A. Trent, From Kau: J. Campbell, Miss W. Marcos, Mrs. W. Lehm, Miss P. Panelli, From Kona: W. Willgeroth, Miss A. Ackerman, Miss Mary Edwards, J. Cooper, W. Muller, R. A. McWayne, Miss T. Marcos, D. Augst, From Maalea: C. B. Wells, Mrs. W. Conway, From Lahaina: C. Ah Nee, P. Hoke and 23 deck.

Per stmr. Mikahala, Dec. 31st, from Kauai ports.—Mrs. F. G. Prescott, Miss A. C. Rice, E. T. Tannatt, F. E. Greenfield, Mrs. Kirtat, Pa On Ah Hing Wo, F. G. Prescott, Mrs. W. H. Rice, Miss Harrison, J. K. Gandall, Mrs. Charman, Mrs. Schofield, A. P. Knight.
Per stmr. Lehua, Dec. 31st, from Kauai ports.—Harold Castle.

Per stmr. Kinau, Dec. 30.—For Hilo, E. See and wife, Miss H. E. Higgins, Mrs. E. J. Higgins, L. E. Pinkham, F. J. Amweg, Mrs. F. M. Wakefield, F. M. Hatch and son, S. Peiser, C. Duisenberg, A. K. Nawahi, A. W. Van Valkenberg, J. P. Sisson, Mrs. H. M. L. Walker, Mrs. Snarens and 3 children, Miss Jacinthia, E. E. Paxson, P. Romane, R. R. Berg, C. P. Benton, F. E. Clark, E. A. Douthett and wife, T. Thomas Fortune, For the Volcano James Mauldwin, T. R. Hutchins, Miss B. Hutchins, Miss Ellis, For Kawaihae: Ng Aon For Mahukona: J. W. Atkins, For Lahaina: Mrs. C. V. Duff and F. Klamp.

Per stmr. Claudine, Dec. 30.—For Kahului: J. M. Coulson, Tang Young, For H. walls: Miss L. Ayau.

Per ark R. P. Rithet, Dec. 30.—For Anahola: E. B. Savage, G. H. Hanna, 1 G. Bonberg.

Shipping Notes.

The steamer Nihau brought bags of sugar from Kauai yesterday.

The steamer Lehua reports encountering rough weather at Molokai ports.

The bark S. C. Allen will load McBryde plantation sugar at Elele for San Francisco.

The Mikahala brought 3,250 bags of sugar and other freight from Kauai ports yesterday.

Afternoon at 5 o'clock on her regular afternoon at 5 o'clock on her regular run to Kauai ports.

The barks Mohican and S. C. Allen and the schooner Aloha are berthed at the Bishop Estate wharves.

A pile driver was at work yesterday constructing the new dolphin near the end of the Bishop Estate dock.

The bark Willcot is discharging her stone ballast at the Railway wharf preparatory to taking in sugar.

Owing to the fact that a quorum was not present the annual meeting of the Sailors' Home, called to meet yesterday, was postponed.

The gasoline launch Pearl made a trip to port from Pearl Harbor yesterday, and reported that the tug Kaena sustained but little damage through going on the Milowera reef.

LOCAL CHRONOLOGY OF 1902

(Continued from page 7)

28th.—Cargo of nitrate at R. R. wharf, on barkentine Addenda, taken fire while unloading. Speedily extinguished by fire department. Much damage from water.

29th.—Wireless telegram from manager of Volcano House, "Active lake formed at Halemauau 400 feet in diameter."

30th.—Small fire in early morning in Japanese brick store opposite Love's bakery.

30th.—Full report from Hilo shows that the volcano boiled up on the night of the 25th preceded by an earthquake felt at Hilo. While addressing a political meeting in Kohala Delegate Wilcox was stoned by natives. F. T. Merry commits suicide at Lihou, Kauai.

SEPTEMBER.

Sept. 24.—The Territorial Republican convention unanimously choose Prince

ROYAL

Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ent, and is regular. At 2:30 p. m. Mr. Boyd was arrested on the criminal charge of embezzling \$1,000, paid by Dr. Cooper and unaccounted for. He was released under \$5,000 bail bonds.

30th.—At 3 a. m. the house of E. B. Friel on upper Nuuanu street is burned. Mrs. Friel and younger daughter perish in the flames. Mrs. Friel was younger sister of Col. William Cortwell and Mrs. Wildfield. A daughter, Mrs. Nigel Jackson, was also fatally injured.

NOVEMBER.

Nov. 4th.—Biennial Territorial elections held, after an extremely active campaign of the Republicans, led by Prince Kuhio, against Home Rulers or native party, led by R. W. Wilcox. Kuhio elected delegate to Congress. Wireless telegraph begins to operate to Kauai.

5th.—Great elation of Republicans over sweeping defeat of Home Rulers. Business hopes revive.

8th.—Guiser New York, Rear Admiral Rogers, arrives from Yokohama. The first warship of her size to enter the harbor. Full returns give Kuhio 6,553 votes as delegate against 4,696 for Wilcox. Republicans elect a large majority of both houses of the Legislature.

10th.—Battleship Oregon anchors outside. Gov. Dole issues call for extra session of Senate on the 20th instant, to act upon proposed changes in high officials, owing to recent defections.

11th.—Wireless reports violent activity in Kilauea.

17th.—Official report gives total sugar crop of these Islands as 855,611 tons for 1902, as against 360,658 tons in 1901.

18th.—Cotton Bros' heavy dredger, moored on Pearl bar, wrecked and sunk by surf in heavy gale.—James H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, indicted by Grand Jury for embezzlement of \$2,717.55.

19th.—End of heavy N. E. gale for four days. No serious marine disasters reported.

20th.—Territorial Senate meets in extra session.

21st.—Hon. J. B. Atherton, suddenly prostrated by lung hemorrhage.

22d.—Furious gale from Northeast.

27th.—Thanksgiving Day observed by services in the churches and by polo and football games.

29th.—Senate after investigation confirms the Governor's removal of Auditor Austin from his office.

DECEMBER.

Dec. 2d.—Minister Wu Ting Fang here on a visit. Senate confirms the Governor's removal of James H. Boyd from his office as Superintendent of Public Works.

5th.—Work begins on threading six miles of double cables in the conduits, from Young building to landing place in Kapioiani park.

6th.—Senate adjourns sine die, after confirming the following appointments: Auditor, J. H. Fisher; Treasurer, A. Noah Kepoikai; Supt. of Public Works, Henry E. Cooper.

9th.—New freight steamer Nevada, leaving port at night, without a pilot, strikes on reef, but is soon pulled off by tug Fearless, little damage.—Two bridges on Kauai washed away and two people drowned.

11th.—Protracted discussion of Federal building sites by business men. Much disagreement.

12th.—Dwelling of Poepe in Kaili valley, destroyed at 6 a. m. by explosion of fifteen sticks of dynamite in the hands of Kekaha, who was blown into fragments. Six others injured and one nearly fatally.

22d.—First shipment of sisal fibre from Hawaii made today, fifty bales of 500 pounds each, from Ewa Sisal Co.—Sudden death by hemorrhage of T. S. Nobles, colored attorney.—Final decision of local committee on sites for Federal buildings. For postoffice and court offices, the former site of Paki mansion, Bishop and King streets; for custom house, etc., the site of the present custom house, extended to waterfront and

24th.—Territorial Treasurer Wm. H. Wright is believed to have absconded per Alameda, leaving a shortage of \$18,000 in public money under his personal care.

25th.—Gov. Dole suspends Auditor H. C. Austin and formulates charges against him of various irregularities. The Auditor strongly resists suspension.—Fire last night destroys Lucas' planing mill.—Senatorial Commission closes its work after a laborious day.

27th.—J. T. De Bolt installed as First Circuit Judge, vice A. S. Humphreys, resigned.

28th.—Death of Father Leonore, a much venerated Catholic missionary.—Death of Miss Mary E. Green, a lifelong and ardent missionary worker for Hawaiians, after two days unconsciousness from paralytic stroke, having fallen in the street.

OCTOBER.

Oct. 2.—Gov. Dole appoints Secretary H. E. Cooper as his special agent in charge of the Public Works department, now disabled by absence of Superintendent Boyd, and arrest of his deputy, B. H. Wright. Payrolls for past month immediately made out.

5th.—Young James Lucas goes surfing, and is drowned in the breakers beyond Diamond Head, at Niihau. Body not recovered.

9th.—Lieut. General Miles arrives en route to Manila.—Board of Registration closes its labors after registering 6,543 voters on Oahu, an increase of 830 over the registration of 1900.

10th.—Cable steamer Colonia arrives from Fanning Island with cable news to Oct. 5th, having laid 3,455 knots of the longest and heaviest stretch of cable in the world from Vancouver I to Fanning I.

15th.—America Maru from Japan had the rare experience of crossing the vortex of a typhoon, narrowly escaping destruction. Steering gear disabled, she was for some time steered by her twin screws.

16th.—Colonia sails to make cable soundings to Manila via Midway and Guam.

17th.—Lunar eclipse in early evening.

22d.—James H. Boyd Supt. of Public Works, returned from San Francisco, and satisfactorily explains about the \$3,000 apparently missing.

24th.—J. M. Garratta instantly killed by premature explosion at Puunui quarry.—Magnificent display in Halemauau, lava lake 570 feet across has risen 175 feet since first outbreak in June.

25th.—Jury in Federal Court renders verdict against Tanbara G. Saburo of "guilty" of murder on the high seas.

29th.—J. H. Boyd passes in to the Treasury the sum of \$2,307, deferred payments in addition to the \$2,000 from Davies & Co. On account of these irregularities, Gov. Dole proceeds to declare Boyd suspended from the office of Superintendent of Public Works. Boyd publishes an announcement declaring such suspension illegal, and that all acts of any other person claiming to be such Superintendent are illegal.

29th.—J. H. Boyd attempts forcible possession of his office of Superintendent.

BABIES AND CHILDREN

should be fairly plump. They ought to put on fat as fast as they use it up; for fat is fuel, and the burning of it makes power and force. Thin children—even along to the age of eighteen or twenty—are in danger from consumption, and from other wasting complaints. The children who starve, and the young men and women who are consumed—why, the very idea of it is frightful. For such as they there is always what the Bible calls a "mighty famine" in the land. Food, though it may be taken plentifully, does not nourish them. It makes no fat; it gives no strength. To prevent this, to cure this, to save the young ones at the mother's knees, and the bright boys and girls who are just looking at the world with ambitious eyes, is the purpose of WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION.

Its success is decided and settled. Thousands owe to it life and health. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It builds up pale, puny, emaciated children, particularly those troubled with Anemia, Scorfula, Rickets, and bone and blood diseases, nothing equals it; its tonic qualities are of the highest order. A Medical Institution says: "We have used your preparation in treating children for coughs, colds and inflammation; its application has never failed us in any case, even the most aggravated bordering on pneumonia. The children like it, they love the taste of it, it looks good to them, and it builds up their bodies; many little children owe their lives to it." Effective from the first dose. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by chemists here and everywhere.

Alaska street. U. S. Commissioner Eustis accepts these propositions.

28th.—Shore end of Pacific cable laid. Sea end of same buoyed five miles from shore.

29th.—Cable steamer visits end of deep sea cable 55 miles out but rough weather forbids touching it.

31st.—Rough weather still forbids cable connection. Honolulu gets no cable news this year.

The greatest danger from colds and influenza is their tendency to result in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of influenza in less time than any other treatment. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

AFTER EQUINOX.

The season has changed. Cold winds, damp air, coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia—that's the order of events.

This is the time of year for those with weak lungs or a tendency to heavy colds to fortify themselves against exposure by taking Scott's Emulsion.

Regular doses give great protection to the throat and lungs. What's the use of staying near the edge when such easy treatment will keep you out of danger.

For obstinate colds, for old coughs, for catarrh and bronchitis Scott's Emulsion is a standard remedy. You can feel the effects of even a small bottle.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

BY AUTHORITY.

Auction Sale of Delinquent Sugar Stock

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon, at my salesroom, 65 Queen street, Honolulu, I will sell at Public Auction by order of the Treasurer, Mr. Elmer E. Paxton, the following certificates of stock in the Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd., unless the 23rd assessment due October 21, 1902, and delinquent December 21, 1902, with interest and advertising expenses is paid on or before the day and hour of sale at the offices of The B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald Building, Honolulu:

Certificate Name No. of Shares.

583—R. W. Sharpe 67

988—Miss Whitman 25

1022—Louis S. Gear 5

1267—W. F. Howard, trustee 10

1572—1579-1648—Mrs. M. F. Scott 260

1587—Jon. I. Silva 25

1935—M. F. Scott 48

1990—J. B. Rohrer 150

Honolulu, October 22, 1902.

ELMER E. PAXTON,

Treasurer.

JAS. F. MORGAN.

AUCTIONEER.

2448—Dec. 30; Jan. 2, 6, 9.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the Estate of Hanal Parker (w), late of Waimea, Island of Hawaii, deceased, intestate, are hereby notified to present the same, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, at his office in the Stangenwald Building, in Honolulu, T. H., within six months from date hereof or they will be forever barred.

ALFRED W. CARTER,

Administrator of Estate of Hanal Parker, Deceased, Intestate.

Dated Honolulu, H. T., Dec. 10th, 1902.

2443—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed as Administrator of the Estate of David Trask, late of Koolau, Island of Kauai, deceased, hereby gives notice to all creditors of said deceased to present their claims, duly authenticated, and with proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to him, either at his residence or place of business, within six months from the day of this publication, or within six months from the day they fall due. If not so presented they will be forever barred.

(Signed) HANS ISENBERG,

Administrator of the Estate of David Trask.

Lihue, Kauai, December 3, 1902.

2443—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated September 28, 1900, made by Kaluna Kapela and Wahinekapu of Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to the Kona Trading Company of said Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in book 218 on pages 312 and 313, the said mortgage, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of a part or parcel of land situate at Kealahou, North Kona, Hawaii, containing an area of 20 acres more or less and being Lot No. 8 of the homesteads there situate, together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deal at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902.

KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees.

G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees.

2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of a portion of grant No. 1401 of Kanehale, situate in Moenaloa, North Kona, and being the property formerly leased to W. Akau (Ch) together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deal at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902.

KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees.

G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees.

2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated May 25, 1899, made by W. M. Kalaiwaa of Kailua, N. Kona, Hawaii, mortgagor, to the Kona Trading Company of Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in book 192 on pages 387-388, the said mortgage, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of a part or parcel of land situate at Kealahou, North Kona, Hawaii, containing an area of 20 acres more or less and being Lot No. 8 of the homesteads there situate, together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deal at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902.

KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees.

G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees.

2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated September 30th, 1897, made by Meleana Davis and William A. Davis of Waialea, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, and Hama (K) of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in book 174 on pages 123-125 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property covered and conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 10th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the District of South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:

1st. All of the undivided two-thirds interest of said mortgagors in Royal Patent (Gr.) 1582 to Preston Cummings, containing an area of 177 acres in Waialea, South Kona, Hawaii.

2nd. All of those premises described in Royal Patent 5304, Kilauea 16,388, to Nuihi, containing 4.25 acres, and situate in Keala 2, South Kona, Hawaii, and conveyed to said Meleana Davis by deed of Henry Smith, Commissioner, recorded in Liber 172 pages 355-356, records of said Registrar's Office.

Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H.

Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902.

WM. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee.

2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by John D. Holt, Jr., to Mary E. Soper, dated December 18th, 1898, recorded Liber 157, page 150, now held by Wailua Agricultural Company, Limited, as assignee, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of both interest and principal.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee.

Dated Honolulu, December 23rd, 1902.

WAILUA AGRICULTURAL COMPANY, LIMITED, Assignee of Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

1st.—One undivided ninth share in the property and estate of Owen J. Holt, deceased.

2nd.—One undivided twenty-seventh share in the Estate of R. W. Holt, deceased, which estate covers amongst other property, the following tracts of land:

The Ahupuaa of Paalea in Waialea, Oahu, Apana 34 of Royal Patent 476, in L. C. Award 7713, said to contain..... acres.